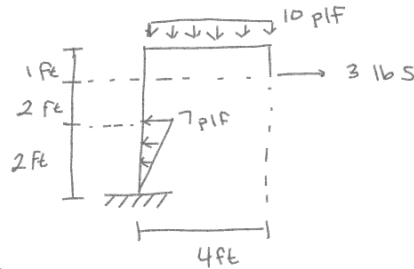


Statics
Intro to Moments
Example #3

From the figure below, determine the resultant force acting on the frame and identify its location.



STEP #1: SUM MOMENTS ABOUT BASE

$$\begin{aligned}\uparrow \Sigma M &= -\frac{1}{2}(2\text{ ft})(7\text{ plf})\left[\frac{2}{3} \cdot 2\text{ ft}\right] + 10\text{ plf}(4\text{ ft})\left[\frac{4\text{ ft}}{2}\right] + 3\text{ lbs}[4\text{ ft}] \\ &= 82.667\text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}\end{aligned}$$

STEP #2: DETERMINE RESULTANT FORCE & LOCATION

$$M_A = F_{Rx}d_{Ry} + F_{Ry}d_{Rx}$$

$$M_A = 82.67\text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$

$$\rightarrow 82.67\text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft} = F_{Rx}d_{Ry} + F_{Ry}d_{Rx}$$

$$\rightarrow \Sigma F_x = 3\text{ lbs} - \frac{1}{2}(2\text{ ft})(7\text{ plf}) = -4\text{ lbs} = F_{Rx}$$

$$\rightarrow \Sigma F_y = -10\text{ plf}(4\text{ ft}) = -40\text{ lbs} = F_{Ry}$$

$$\rightarrow 82.67\text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft} = -4d_{Ry} - 40d_{Rx}$$

IF F_R ACTS ON AB $d_{Ry} = 5\text{ ft}$ THEREFORE,

$$\rightarrow 82.67\text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft} = -4(5\text{ ft}) - 40d_{Rx}$$

$$\begin{aligned}d_{Rx} &= \frac{82.67\text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft} + 20\text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}}{40\text{ lbs}} \\ &= 2.6\text{ ft}\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{x = 2.6\text{ ft}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}F_R &= \sqrt{F_{Rx}^2 + F_{Ry}^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(-4)^2 + (-40)^2} \\ &= 40.2\text{ lbs}\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{F_R = 40.2\text{ lbs}}$$



